ASHRAE Standing Standard Project Committee 62.1
Cognizant TC: 4.3, Ventilation Requirements and Infiltration
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FOREWORD

Addendum b adds a new Informative Appendix D, which includes a simplified ventilation rate table for use in existing buildings where information for calculating minimum ventilation using Normative Appendix A for multiple spaces is often unavailable.

Note: In this addendum, changes to the current standard are indicated in the text by underlining (for additions) and strikethrough (for deletions) unless the instructions specifically mention some other means of indicating the changes.

Addendum b to Standard 62.1-2016

Add a new Informative Appendix D as shown and reletter existing appendices.

D1. USE OF THIS APPENDIX

This appendix is intended to be used to assess ventilation rates in existing buildings for third-party building evaluation programs such as ASHRAE Building EQ (bEQ), LEED EBOM, Energy Star, etc. Zone minimum primary airflow is included as guidance in evaluating and adjusting minimum box settings. This informative appendix is not intended to be used as the Basis of Design or for regulatory applications.

D2. OUTDOOR AIR INTAKE

For multiple-zone recirculating systems serving only occupancy categories listed in Table D2, the target outdoor air intake flow $V_{target}$ is determined in accordance with Equation D2. For all other systems, $V_{target}$ shall be set equal to $V_{z}$ in accordance with Section 6.2.5.4. If the minimum outdoor air intake flows measured at the system level meet or exceed $V_{target}$, then the system meets the criteria of this informative appendix.

$$V_{target} = \sum_{all \ zones} A_z \times R_z$$  \hspace{1cm} (D2)

where:

- $A_z =$ zone floor area, the net occupiable floor area of the ventilation zone, ft$^2$(m$^2$)
- $R_z =$ outdoor airflow rate required per unit area as determined from Table D2

D3. ZONE MINIMUM PRIMARY AIRFLOW

For each zone, the minimum primary airflow $V_{pz-min}$ is determined in accordance with Equation D3.

$$V_{pz-min} = A_z \times R_{pz}$$  \hspace{1cm} (D3)

where:

- $R_{pz} =$ minimum primary airflow rate required per unit area as determined from Table D2. This is the minimum zone airflow required for ventilation purposes.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Occupancy Category</th>
<th>Zone Minimum Airflow</th>
<th>Minimum Primary Airflow Rate, $R_{pz}$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Outdoor Airflow Rate $R_s$</td>
<td>cfm/ft$^2$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Educational Facilities</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Classrooms (ages 5 to 8)</td>
<td>0.65</td>
<td>3.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Classrooms (ages 9+)</td>
<td>0.82</td>
<td>4.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Computer lab</td>
<td>0.65</td>
<td>3.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Media center</td>
<td>0.65</td>
<td>3.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Music/theater/dance</td>
<td>0.72</td>
<td>3.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multiuse assembly</td>
<td>1.42</td>
<td>7.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>General</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conference/meeting</td>
<td>0.44</td>
<td>2.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corridors</td>
<td>0.11</td>
<td>0.55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Office Buildings</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Breakrooms</td>
<td>0.65</td>
<td>3.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Main entry lobbies</td>
<td>0.19</td>
<td>0.95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Occupiable storage rooms for dry materials</td>
<td>0.12</td>
<td>0.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Office space</td>
<td>0.15</td>
<td>0.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reception areas</td>
<td>0.37</td>
<td>1.85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone/data entry</td>
<td>0.63</td>
<td>3.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Public Assembly Spaces</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Libraries</td>
<td>0.30</td>
<td>1.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ASHRAE is concerned with the impact of its members’ activities on both the indoor and outdoor environment. ASHRAE’s members will strive to minimize any possible deleterious effect on the indoor and outdoor environment of the systems and components in their responsibility while maximizing the beneficial effects these systems provide, consistent with accepted Standards and the practical state of the art.

ASHRAE’s short-range goal is to ensure that the systems and components within its scope do not impact the indoor and outdoor environment to a greater extent than specified by the Standards and Guidelines as established by itself and other responsible bodies.

As an ongoing goal, ASHRAE will, through its Standards Committee and extensive Technical Committee structure, continue to generate up-to-date Standards and Guidelines where appropriate and adopt, recommend, and promote those new and revised Standards developed by other responsible organizations.

Through its Handbook, appropriate chapters will contain up-to-date Standards and design considerations as the material is systematically revised.

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The effects of the design and selection of equipment and systems will be considered within the scope of the system’s intended use and expected misuse. The disposal of hazardous materials, if any, will also be considered.

ASHRAE’s primary concern for environmental impact will be at the site where equipment within ASHRAE’s scope operates. However, energy source selection and the possible environmental impact due to the energy source and energy transportation will be considered where possible. Recommendations concerning energy source selection should be made by its members.
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