

# ASHRAE International Building Decarbonization Conference 2024

April 17 - April 19, 2024

Madrid, Spain



### Preliminary Technical Program

Updated: 10 April 2024

### Tuesday, April 16

Tuesday, April 16, 12:00 PM - 3:00 PM Workshop

**ALI Course: Decarb 101** 

Room: Garnacha IV

Chair:

Course registration required.

### Wednesday, April 17

Wednesday, April 17, 7:30 AM - 8:00 AM Sponsored Tech Talks (Basic)

#### **Daikin Sponsor Tech Talk**

Room: Garnacha IV

Chair:

Application of natural refrigerants (R290) to domestic multifunction heat pumps. Daikin Altherma 4 Application of Natural Refrigerants (R290) to Domestic Multifunction Heat Pumps. Daikin Altherma 4 David Diaz, Daikin, Madrid, Spain

#### Wednesday, April 17, 8:00 AM - 9:30 AM

**Keynote 1 (Intermediate)** 

#### **Challenge Accepted: Tackling the Climate Crisis**

Room: Garnacha II and III

Chair: Marianna Vallejo, PhD, Full Member, Jacobs, Athens, Greece

This Keynote presentation explores integrated solutions to address the effects of the climate crisis through meaningful building decarbonization strategies. We are living in a climate emergency. Our desire to be more comfortable has brought us to a place where we need to make uncomfortable decisions. We can accept the challenge of our day regarding the impact of buildings on the climate crises by equipping ASHRAE members and the industry with the knowledge needed to design and renovate buildings to address the greenhouse gas emissions of our industry.

#### **ASHRAE's Decarbonization Activities**

Ginger Scoggins, Engineered Designs Inc, Cary, NC

# Wednesday, April 17, 9:50 AM - 11:20 AM Round Table 1 (Basic)

#### **International Associations' Building Decarbonization Efforts**

Room: Garnacha II and III

Chair: Marianna Vallejo, PhD, Full Member, Jacobs, Athens, Greece

Building industry collaboration can have a critical role in educating and training industry professionals and stakeholders on building decarbonization strategy, policies and practices. Representatives from AIA, ASHRAE, CIBSE, EuroVENT, IFMA, and REHVA provide an overview of their organization's building decarbonization activities; discuss why building decarbonization is important for their members; and share how greater industry collaboration can accelerate building decarbonization planning and progress.

#### Speakers

- 1. Ginger Scoggins, Engineered Designs Inc, Cary, NC
- 2. Catalin IOAN Lungu, PhD, REHVA President, Bucharest, Romania
- 3. Lakisha Woods, The American Institute Architects
- 4. Julie Godefroy, Head of Net Zero Policy, CIBSE, Bedford, United Kingdom
- 5. Pedro G. Vicente Quiles, ATECYR Technical Committee President, Spain

# 9:50 AM - 11:20 AM Conference Paper Session 1

#### The Designer's Obligation?

Room: Garnacha IV

Chair: Eduardo A B Maldonado, Life Member, Fac Engenharia Univ Porto, Porto, Portugal

What should be the role of designers and planners towards decarbonizing the building projects they are developing? This session addresses the ethical and professional posture that every designer should adopt in their work, and it describes the strategies and methodologies that those responsible for two specific interesting case studies, one building and one university campus, adopted towards reaching a clear goal of a zero-carbon future.

Learning Objectives:

- Understand sustainable urban redevelopment practices involved in transforming existing spaces into eco-friendly, resilient community hubs.
- 2. Analyze carbon reduction strategies employed in urban development projects.
- 3. Understand the key issues with decarbonization of the built environment
- 4. Distinguish key reasons why the design team should include decarbonization in the building design as well as the key issues why they should leave that up to the owner to decide.
- 5. Describe the importance of monitoring advanced HVAC systems to optimize the energy efficiency.
- 6. Explain the benefits and limitations of designing a 2-pipe change-over system.

#### 1. Boulder West City Campus: A Glimpse into a Decarbonized Future and High Performance Design (C 01)

Carlos Kelly<sup>1</sup> and Chris Chatto, AIA<sup>2</sup>, (1)BranchPattern, Pittsburgh, PA, (2)ZGF Architects, Portland, OR

2. Do Building Designers Have an Obligation to Promote Decarbonization in Their Projects? (C\_02)

Thomas M Lawrence, PhD, LEED-AP P.E. Ph.D., Fellow Life S-B-a Member, University of Georgia, ATHENS, GA

#### 3. The Blue House with Green Ambitions: A Case Study (C 03)

Ulf Horman, Swegon Group, Malmö, Sweden

# 9:50 AM - 11:20 AM Conference Paper Session 2

### **District-Scale Heat Pump Application**

Room: Garnacha I

Chair: Raul Simonetti, Full Member, CAREL Industries SpA, Brugine, Italy

The application of heat pump technology at larger scales has the potential to reduce the environmental cost of heating buildings. The first paper investigates the community-scale application of heat pumps in residential homes in a heating-dominated climate (Lake County, Colorado, U.S.). The second examines an application integrated with thermal storage in Scandinavia.

Learning Objectives:

- 1. Identify different models for CO2 emissions calculations
- 2. Explain how electrification and retrofits can reduce carbon emissions
- 3. Provide an overview of thermal-electrical network coupling
- 4. Design a standardized framework for thermal-electrical network coupling
- 5. Understand the direction of Europe's Energy and Emission Performance of Buildings and the benefits of use of a European standard based on part load and hourly method
- understand key aspects for future EBPD implementation and building performance calculation in view of building decarbonization

### 1. Energy and Operational Carbon Savings in Community Scale Low-Carbon Retrofit with Dual Source Cold Climate Heat Pumps (C 04)

Paulo Cesar Tabares Velasco, PhD, S-B-a Member<sup>1</sup> and Karlyle Dais Munz<sup>2</sup>, (1)Colorado School of Mines, GOLDEN, CO, (2)Colorado School of Mines, Golden, CO

- 2. District-Level Load Flexibility Towards Decarbonization Leveraging Heat Pumps and Thermal Energy Storage (C\_05) Yangzhe Chen<sup>1</sup>, Thomas Ohlson Timoudas, PhD<sup>2</sup> and Qian WANG, PhD<sup>1</sup>, (1)KTH, Royal Institute of Technology, Stockholm, Stockholm, Sweden, (2)RISE Research Institutes of Swede, Stockholm, Stockholm, Sweden
- 3. Impact of New EPBD and European Standards Toward Heat Pumps Martin Dieryckx, Fellow Member, Daikin Europe N.V., Torhout, Belgium

#### Wednesday, April 17, 11:30 AM - 12:30 PM

**Round Table 2 (Advanced)** 

#### **Delivering NZC Office Buildings: Spanish Real Estate Vision**

Room: Garnacha I

Chair: Tomas Higuero, M.D., Aire Limpio Group MD, Madrid, Spain

Spain's approach to the decarbonization of its tertiary building sector in 2024 comprises a strategic multi-faceted approach. These include the reduction of embodied carbon, which accounts for a significant contribution of sector emissions, and promoting circular economy principles for minimizing construction waste and encouraging material reuse. Smart building technologies are increasingly adopted to optimize resources and energy efficiency in both new projects and existing buildings. Efforts are also directed towards improving the energy efficiency and the indoor environmental quality of both existing and new buildings through rigorous energy / IAO performance standards and retrofitting initiatives.

#### Speakers

- 1. Mark Fenwick, AIA, Fenwick Irribaren Architects, Madrid, Spain
- 2. Mariano Garcia, Garcia Consulting Engineers MD, Madrid, Spain
- 3. Alejandro Miguel Vicente, Acciona, Madrid, Spain
- 4. Almudena Génova Fuster, BOVIS from CBRE, Madrid, Spain
- 5. Javier Dorao, Crea Madrid Nove Norte, Madrid, Spain

#### 11:30 AM - 12:30 PM

#### **Conference Paper Session 3**

#### **Strategies for Incorporating Low GWP Refrigerants**

Room: Garnacha IV

Chair: Maria Del Mar Serna, ACIX CONSULTORIA SL, Madrid, Spain

Learning Objectives:

- 1. Explain how rotary gas pressure exchanger does expansion work recovery.
- 2. Design trans-critical CO2 air-conditioning and refrigerating systems integrated with rotary gas pressure exchanger.
- 3. Understand data analysis for vapor compression systems (central air-conditioners and heat pumps) scenario.
- 4. Determine alternatives with lower GWP for retrofitting R410A systems without compromising the performance or the exergy efficiency.

## 1. Novel Expansion Work Recovery Machine for Trans-Critical CO2 Air Conditioning: A Path to Decarbonization of Residential and Industrial Cooling Using Low GWP Refrigerants ( $C_06$ )

Azam Thatte, PhD, Full Member<sup>1</sup>, Brian A Fricke, Oak Ridge National laboratory, Fellow Member<sup>2</sup> and Kashif Nawaz, PhD, Associate<sup>3</sup>, (1)Energy Recovery, San Leandro, CA, (2)Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, TN, (3)Oak Ridge National Lab, Oak Ridge, TN

### 2. Exergy and Performance Analysis of Alternative Refrigerants with Lower GWP for the Retrofit of Heat Pumps with R410A ( $C_07$ )

**Pedro Barandier, Student** and Antonio Joao Marques Cardoso, CISE - Electromechatronic Systems Research Centre, Covilhã, Portugal

### 11:30 AM - 12:30 PM

#### Seminar 1 (Basic)

#### Driving Decarbonization: ASHRAE's Path to Whole Life Carbon Emission Reductions

Room: Garnacha II and III

Sponsor: ASHRAE Task Force for Building Decarbonization

Chair: Bing Liu, PE, Fellow Member, Pacific Northwest National Laboratory, Portland, OR

This seminar presents an essential update on ASHRAE's pivotal role in advancing building decarbonization policies and practices, both nationally in the United States and on a global scale. Led by ASHRAE's Task Force for Building Decarbonization (TFBD), this session delves into multifaceted strategies and initiatives aimed at reducing whole life carbon emissions within the built environment. Specifically, this seminar provides an overview of the whole life cycle of carbon emissions in buildings and the critical role of codes and standards.

Learning Objectives:

- 1. Define Whole Life Carbon
- 2. Identify the complexities associated with whole life carbon reduction
- 3. Provide an overview of future building decarbonization practices
- 4. Describe ASHRAE's initiatives
- 5. Describe building whole life GHG accounting.
- 6. Describe GHG emissions accounting for organizations.
- 7. Provide overview of ASHRAE's direction on GHG accounting.
- 8. Describe ASHRAE's initiatives including the critical role of codes and standards
- 9. Identify the complexities associated with whole life carbon reduction
- 10. 1. Provide an overview of future building decarbonization practices
- 11. 2. Identify the complexities associated with whole life carbon reduction
- 12. Understanding the importance of addressing carbon emissions in buildings.
- 13. Identify the factors influencing life cycle carbon emissions in buildings.
- 14. Describe the difference between direct and indirect refrigerant emissions.
- 15. Name five challenges that manufacturers face in providing environmental product declarations (EPDs).

#### 1. Whole Life Carbon Overview

Kent W Peterson, PE, Presidential Fellow Member, P2S Inc, Long Beach, CA

#### 2. Codes and Standards

Bing Liu, PE, Fellow Member, Pacific Northwest National Laboratory, Portland, OR

3. Whole Life Carbon: Practitioner Point of View

Luke C H Leung, PE, BEMP, Fellow Member, Skidmore Owings & Merrill, CHICAGO, IL

4. Refrigerants and Manufacturers

William F McQuade, P.E., LEED AP PE, Fellow Member, Baltimore Aircoil Company, Jessup, MD

#### Wednesday, April 17, 1:20 PM - 1:50 PM Sponsored Tech Talks (Basic)

### **Italsan Sponsor Tech Talk**

Room: Garnacha IV

Chair:

Influence of pipe material on energy performance and decarbonization in building facilities.

Influence of Pipe Material on Energy Performance and Decarbonization in Building Facilities.

Laura Sanchez, Barcelona, Spain

# Wednesday, April 17, 2:00 PM - 3:00 PM Round Table 3 (Basic)

### **Global Perspectives on Decarbonization**

Room: Garnacha II and III

Chair: Marianna Vallejo, PhD, Full Member, Jacobs, Athens, Greece

This discussion considers perspectives from around the world on what is or is not working, practically, for decarbonizing the built environment. Panelists discuss their regional and local policies, lessons learned and best practices.

#### Speakers

- 1. Esteban Baccini Jauregui Sr., S-B-a member, BACCINI HVAC & Energy Efficiency Consulting, Buenos Aires, Argentina
- 2. Erich Binder, Life Member, Erich Binder Consulting Limited, Calgary, ON, Canada
- 3. Chandana Dalugoda, Fellow ASHRAE, Chandana Dalugoda Consultants, Makuluduwa, Sri Lanka
- 4. Samir R Traboulsi, P.Eng., Fellow Life Member, Thermotrade/Ranec, Beirut, Lebanon
- 5. Kimberly Dowdell, American Institute of Architects, Washington, DC
- 6. Kan Shindo, Student, Waseda University, Tokyo, Japan

2:00 PM - 3:00 PM

**Conference Paper Session 4** 

#### The Path to Carbon Neutral Hospitals

Room: Garnacha IV

Chair: Joseph T Firrantello, Ph.D., P.E., Full Member, McKinstry, Seattle, WA

Learning Objectives:

- 1. Provide structured consulting engineering services for CO2 reduction strategies
- 2. Benchmark specific hospital energy data against the information provided in the session
- 1. A Roadmap to the Carbon Neutral Hospital (C 09)

Juan Gallostra Sr., Full Member, JG Ingenieros, Barcelona, Spain

2. ASHRAE Design Guide for Decarbonized Hospitals

Walt Vernon, P.E., Member, Mazzetti, San Francisco, CA

#### 2:00 PM - 3:00 PM Conference Paper Session 5

#### **Life Cycle Carbon Case Studies**

Room: Garnacha I

Chair: Thomas M Lawrence, PhD, Fellow Life S-B-a Member, University of Georgia, ATHENS, GA

The first case study focuses on the technical systems in order to quantify the embodied carbon of several HVAC systems in a high-performing building under different weather conditions in Turkey. Another case study performs a comparative environmental impact assessment of a balanced ventilation system with heat recovery and a demand-controlled exhaust ventilation system, with a detailed inventory of all system components, under four ventilation scenarios in a single-family dwelling.

Learning Objectives:

- 1. Understand the importance of individual components in the design of ventilation systems.
- 2. Understand the trade-offs between embodied impact and operational energy use in exhaust and balanced ventilation.
- 3. Describe how HVAC systems have an impact on embodied carbon of buildings
- 4. Distinguish solutions for better overall carbon emissions while designing HVAC systems for nZEBs
- 1. Comparative LCA of an Exhaust and Balanced Ventilation System: A Single-Family Case Study in Flanders (C\_10) Yanaika Decorte<sup>1</sup>, Marijke Steeman, PhD<sup>2</sup> and Nathan Van Den Bossche<sup>1</sup>, (1)Ghent University, Ghent, Belgium, (2)Ghent university, Ghent, Belgium
- 2. Whole-Life Carbon Assessment of HVAC Systems for Nearly Zero Energy Buildings (C\_11) Cihan Nuri Kayacetin, PhD, Bilkent University, Ankara, Turkey

Wednesday, April 17, 3:00 PM - 3:20 PM Sponsored Tech Talks (Basic)

#### **Victaulic Sponsor Tech Talk**

Room: Garnacha IV

Chair:

Introducing circularity in MEP Construction

Introducing Circularity in MEP Construction

Branden Kotyk, Victualic, Brampton, ON, Canada

Wednesday, April 17, 3:30 PM - 4:30 PM Conference Paper Session 6

### **Coordinating Energy Use Using IoT Infrastructure**

Room: Garnacha I

Chair: Andres J Sepulveda, Fellow Member, Commtech, Madrid, Spain

Data collected from connected appliances and equipment at a community scale enables us to make better choices about how and when we consume energy. The first paper uses data collected by smart plugs and smart meters to identify the best periods to run electric appliances using an optimization routine. The second paper uses collected data and deep learning to schedule heat pump and thermal energy storage use one day in advance.

Learning Objectives:

- 1. Design a holistic IoT-driven architecture for optimising electricity usage in buildings.
- Apply machine learning-driven load disaggregation techniques utilising pattern identification algorithms and knapsack optimisation.
- 3. Implement smart energy trading strategies in energy communities using IoT.
- 4. Assess the impact of energy flexibility in a sector coupling system.

### 1. IoT-Enabled Data-Driven Approach: Appliance Clustering and Load Disaggregation for Smart Building Appliance Scheduling (C\_12)

Saeed Misaghian Sr., PhD, Giovanni Tardioli, PhD, Associate, Nisha P, Beatriz Fraga De Cal and Simeon Oxizidis, PhD, IES Ltd, Dublin, Ireland

### 2. Empowering Sustainable Energy Communities with IoT: A Case Study of Demand Response Management in Großschönau Municipality (C 13)

Mustapha Habib, PhD and Qian WANG, PhD, KTH, Royal Institute of Technology, Stockholm, Stockholm, Sweden

# 3:30 PM - 4:30 PM **Seminar 2 (Basic)**

#### Certified Decarbonization Professional: An Information Session

Room: Garnacha IV

**Sponsor: Certification Committee** 

Chair: Drury B Crawley, PhD, Fellow Life Member, Bentley Systems, Inc., Washington, DC

ASHRAE's new Certified Decarbonization Professional (CDP) certification validates competency to decarbonize a building throughout its entire life cycle. This initiative was set in motion by the ASHRAE Task Force for Building Decarbonization (TFBD) in order to support ASHRAE building decarbonization efforts. This will be an informative session to introduce the new certification and allow for a discussion of the requirements and benefits.

Attendance at this information session is recommended for all stakeholders in the built environment industry, including designers, building owners, facility operators and government officials.

Learning Objectives:

- 1. Explain the purpose of the ASHRAE Certified Decarbonization Professional (CDP) personnel certification.
- 2. List the benefits of the ASHRAE Certified Decarbonization Professional (CDP) certification for the professional, their employer and building owners.
- 3. Describe the five steps to earning and maintaining the ASHRAE Certified Decarbonization Professional (CDP) certification.
- 4. Relate the value of certification.
- 5. Explain the purpose of the ASHRAE Certified Decarbonization Professional (CDP) personnel certification.
- 6. List the benefits of the ASHRAE Certified Decarbonization Professional (CDP) certification for the professional, their employer and building owners.
- Describe the five steps to earning and maintaining the ASHRAE Certified Decarbonization Professional (CDP) certification.

#### 1. ASHRAE Certified Decarbonization Professional (CDP) Certification

Drury B Crawley, PhD, BEMP, Fellow Life Member, Bentley Systems, Inc., Washington, DC

#### 3:30 PM - 4:30 PM

#### **Seminar 3 (Intermediate)**

# Decarbonizing the Built Environment: Global Policies, Local Impacts and Climate Resilience

Room: Garnacha II and III

Chair: Douglas C Cochrane, P.Eng., Full Member, Independent Consultant, Toronto, ON, Canada

This session delves into decarbonization of the built environment, addressing the challenges posed by diverse global policies and mandates. We explore inconsistency across building regulations, impact on practitioners, alongside a review of global decarbonization goals and metrics. The session emphasizes the critical need for climate resilience and adaptation in design and construction. Insights into climate drivers, resilience measures across diverse geographies, and the pivotal role of the built environment as a solution to the climate crisis are discussed. Additionally, we introduce ASHRAE's future standards, ensuring consistent, fuel-agnostic greenhouse gas accounting and reporting for the global building industry.

- 1. Understand the challenges and risks faced by practitioners due to diverse global policies in the context of decarbonizing the built environment.
- Analyze the impact of inconsistent building regulations and manufacturing.
- 3. Describe global decarbonization goals, regulations metrics and their implications for building professionals.
- 4. Understand the imperative for climate resilience and adaptation in building decarbonization efforts and identify key policy dimensions supporting a sustainable future built environment.
- 5. explain the format and structure of the proposed ICC/ASHRAE Standard 240P on whole life GHG emissions accounting for buildings.

- 6. list the various whole life GHG emissions regulations that require or incentivize net zero emissions from across the spectrum of local, national, and global industry levels.
- Understand global climate drivers, consequences and dimensions
- 8. Explore direct and indirect measures for climate adaptation, resilience and mitigation for the building sector
- 9. Review ways in which the built environment can become a key player to help solve the climate crisis and protect communities and people
- 1. Policy and Regulation for Decarbonizing the Built Environment: Global Perspectives and Local Impacts Elizabeth K Tomlinson, P.E., BCxP, Member, Stantec, Minneapolis, MN
- 2. Climate Resilience and Adaptation in Building Decarbonization: Lessons from Changing Environments Sergio Sadaba, P.E., BEMP, Full Member, Stantec, Anchorage, AK

### Wednesday, April 17, 4:40 PM - 5:40 PM **Conference Paper Session 7**

#### The Era of Life Cycle Carbon Standards and a Case Study

Room: Garnacha II and III

Chair: Thomas M Lawrence, PhD, Fellow Life S-B-a Member, University of Georgia, ATHENS, GA

An ASHRAE Distinguished Lecturer reveals the insights of the new carbon standards, including an overview of different methodologies and examples for counting of carbon, and the main steps on how to reduce carbon emissions holistically. A case study also analyzes numerous construction options in a prototypical energy-code-minimal house and combines with different decarbonization rates of electricity supply and refrigerant leakage to demonstrate the sensitivity and relationship of embodied and operational carbon.

Learning Objectives:

- 1. 1. Define Whole Life Carbon with New Additions from RICS
- 2. Identify the two steps to align with nature efficiencies
- Describe how tradeoffs between embodied and operational carbon are significant.
- 4. Identify ways that tradeoffs between embodied and operational carbon may be counterintuitive.
- 1. The New Carbon Standards: Towards Net Zero Operational, Embodied, Upfront and Whole Life Carbon Luke C H Leung, PE, BEMP, Fellow Member, Skidmore Owings & Merrill, CHICAGO, IL
- 2. A Case Study in the Tradeoffs of Operational and Embodied Carbon in the Design of a Near-Net-Zero Energy Residence. (C 14)

Donald G Colliver, Ph.D., P.E., Presidential Fellow Life Member, University of Kentucky, LEXINGTON, KY

#### 4:40 PM - 5:40 PM **Conference Paper Session 8**

#### **Decarbonization for Low Income Housing**

Room: Garnacha I

Chair: Marianna Vallejo, PhD, Full Member, Jacobs, Athens, Greece

- 1. Understand how Philadelphia implemented the energy efficiency program for low-income urban households.
- Determine if a similar program is possible in their locale.
   Describe the impact of renovation strategies on the whole-life carbon emissions of a building, including both upfront
- 4. Apply a science-based approach in assessing building decarbonization measures to avoid unexpected shortcomings over the lifetime of the asset.

- 1. One House at a Time: Implementing Energy Efficiency and Decarbonization in Low Income Urban Households (C\_15) *Mitchell Swann, P.E., Life Member, Resolution Management Consultants, Philadelphia, PA*
- 2. Whole-Life Carbon Assessment and Cost Analysis for the Renovation of Social Housing Buildings in Ireland (C\_16) *Lorenzo De Donatis, CEng* and Olivier Neu, PhD, Associate Member, IES Ltd, Dublin, Ireland

# 4:40 PM - 5:40 PM Conference Paper Session 9

#### Photovoltaic Low Energy Waste Heat and Community-Scale Data Analysis

Room: Garnacha IV

Chair: Constantinos A Balaras, PhD, Fellow Member, Institute for Environmental Research & Sustainable Development, national Observatory of Athens, VRILISSIA, Greece

This session presents two different papers linked by an overarching topic: photovoltaic (PV) systems. The first investigates methods for reclaiming the low-exergy waste heat inherent in PV applications. The second is an analysis of use patterns in a community-scale PV and battery system consisting of 75 grid-connected, single-family homes.

Learning Objectives:

- 1. Explain the potential role of PCMs in shifting conditioning loads and reducing peak electricity use, which is often fossil fuel dominant
- 2. Describe use of PCMs as a transitionary decarbonization technology, and predict locations with the greatest carbon reductions with PCMs
- 3. Describe how a ASHP is able to deliver heating and hot water demand for a flat in a collective edification.
- 4. Describe how the efficiency of a HP is still twice the one of a gas boiler also under the worst conditions.
- 1. Operational and Life Cycle Carbon Assessment of Building-Integrated Phase Change Materials (C\_42) Calene Baylis, PhD, Student and Cynthia A. Cruickshank, Carleton University, Ottawa, ON, Canada
- 2. Filomena Storm Allowed to Test a HP in a Worst-Case Condition for Madrid Weather (C\_37) Samuel Perez, PhD, Iberdrola, Madrid, Spain

Wednesday, April 17, 5:40 PM - 6:10 PM Sponsored Tech Talks (Basic)

#### **Swegon Sponsor Tech Talk**

Room: Garnacha IV

Chair:

How to achieve a Sustainable Indoor Climate How to Achieve a Sustainable Indoor Climate Åsa Norén Lundh, Swegon, Sundsvall, Sweden How to Achieve a Sustainable Indoor Climate 2 Mikael Börjesson, Swegon, Sundsvall, Sweden

### Thursday, April 18

Thursday, April 18, 7:30 AM - 8:00 AM Sponsored Tech Talks (Basic)

#### Mitsubishi Sponsor Tech Talk

Room: Garnacha IV

Chair:

Real Zero Retrofit
Real Zero Retrofit

Antonio Navas Marivela Sr., CEng, Mitsubishi Electric Europe Spanish Branch, San Fernando de Henares, Spain

# Thursday, April 18, 8:00 AM - 9:00 AM Keynote 2 (Basic)

### If Energy Efficiency Is So Wonderful, How Come You Ain't All Mega-Rich?

Room: Garnacha II and III

Chair: Marianna Vallejo, PhD, Full Member, Jacobs, Athens, Greece

Energy efficiency has officially been designated as the first priority of energy policy, both by the International Energy Agency and by the European Union. Andrew Warren considers the achievements to date that energy efficiency investment has delivered, its agreed delivery targets and potential for the future, and considers what needs to change in order that these priorities continue to be met.

If Energy Efficiency Is So Wonderful, How Come You Ain't All Mega-Rich?

Andrew Warren, British Energy Efficiency Federation, Cambridge, United Kingdom

# Thursday, April 18, 9:10 AM - 10:30 AM Conference Paper Session 10

#### **Reducing Carbon Footprint in Developing Economies**

Room: Garnacha IV

Chair: Raul Simonetti, Full Member, CAREL Industries SpA, Brugine, Italy

Learning Objectives:

- 1. How to use ASHRAE 90.1 building envelope U-values to reduce heat transfer & to find the minimum ventilation load.
- 2. How to use minimum equipment efficiency values & use of BMS energy saving strategies to reduce Carbon footprint
- 3. Describe how various combinations of lightweight walling and roofing materials can be used with or without insulation to minimize thermal discomfort and embodied carbon emissions in naturally ventilated housing.
- 4. Apply the use of various emerging lightweight construction materials and technologies on a large scale.
- 5. Describe the most feasible technologies to electrify communities in Sub-Saharan Africa.
- 6. Describe the most financially-feasible technologies to electrify communities in Sub-Saharan Africa.

#### 1. Reducing Carbon Footprint of Buildings in Developing Economies

Chandana Nilhan Dalugoda, CEng, Fellow Member, CHANDANA DALUGODA CONSULTANTS, Piliyandala, Sri Lanka

2. A Comparative Study of Embodied Carbon and Thermal Performance of New Lightweight Construction Technologies with Respect to Conventional Construction Technology in Affordable Housing in India (C\_19)

Gunjan Jain, Shweta Manchanda, PhD, Mandeep Singh, PhD, Aritro De and Shuvojit Sarkar, PhD, School of Planning and

Architecture, Delhi, India
3. Leapfrogging Towards Distributed Energy Systems: The Case of Khartoum, Sudan (C\_20)

Amr Suliman, PhD, Full Member<sup>1</sup> and Mahroo Eftekhari, CEng, Full Member<sup>2</sup>, (1)University of Oxford, Oxford, United Kingdom, (2)Loughborough University, Loughborough, United Kingdom

# 9:10 AM - 10:30 AM Conference Paper Session 11

#### **Occupant Comfort-Driven Methodologies and Calculations**

Room: Garnacha I

Chair: Thomas M Lawrence, PhD, Fellow Life S-B-a Member, University of Georgia, ATHENS, GA
Exploring different occupant-centric methods and calculations can also lead to significant energy and emission savings in buildings. A modified degree-day type calculation approach uses the equivalent outside temperature to perform cooling calculations during the building occupancy hours, while accounting for indoor comfort conditions. A novel occupant comfort-centric approach for next day demand side management scenarios uses a two-step optimization approach to identify optimal operational schedules that can lead to 7-10% lower cost and emissions.

Learning Objectives:

1. Formulate an optimization problem for demand side management of residential buildings.

- 2. Apply data-driven methods and building physics simulations for demand side management operations of residential buildings to consider occupant comfort.
- 3. Evaluate potential applications of the proposed methodology.
- 4. Describe the potential application of AI for saving energy.

### 1. An Occupant Comfort-Centric Demand Side Management Approach Based on Data-Driven Methods and Building Digital Twins (C\_21)

Giovanni Tardioli, PhD, Associate<sup>1</sup>, Saeed Misaghian Sr., PhD<sup>2</sup>, Nisha P<sup>2</sup>, Beatriz Fraga De Cal<sup>2</sup>, Dimitrios Ntimos<sup>3</sup>, Niall Byrne<sup>1</sup>, Simeon Oxizidis, PhD<sup>2</sup> and Donal Finn<sup>4</sup>, (1)Integrated Environmental Solutions (IES), dublin, dublin, Ireland, (2)IES Ltd, Dublin, Ireland, (3)IES Ltd., Dublin, Ireland, (4)University College Dublin, Dublin, Ireland

- 2. Shifting Paradigm: Exploring Energy Savings through Comfort-Driven Approaches (C\_22) *Angelo Martucci Sr.*, *Arup*, *Madrid*, *Spain*
- 3. Upgrading Thermal Comfort Theory Aiming to Attain Low-Carbon Buildings Under Climate Change (C\_23) Ali Reza Haddadi, P.E.¹ and Esmaeil Jalali Lavasani, Ph.D., P.E.², (1)Sarmagan, Tehran, Iran (Islamic Republic of), (2)3nanosae, Măgurele, Romania

# 9:10 AM - 10:30 AM Seminar 4 (Intermediate)

#### Impacts of Climate Change and Urbanization on Future Building Performance

Room: Garnacha II and III

Chair: Andres J Sepulveda, Fellow Member, Commtech, Madrid, Spain

Learning Objectives:

- 1. Understand the main objectives of the revised Energy Performance of Buildings Directive (EPBD) within the context of the European Union's energy policy
- 2. Identify the main elements of the revised EPBD and the obligations imposed on EU Member States
- 3. Recognize the particularities in Spain, including current situation and challenges, related to climate conditions, building stock characterization and regulatory framework

#### 1. Energy Performance of Buildings Directive and Particularities in Spain

Silvia Rafael Bastante, Spanish Ministry for Ecological Transition, Madrid, Spain

2. Impacts of Climate Change and Urbanization on Future Building Performance Drury B Crawley, PhD, BEMP, Fellow Life Member, Bentley Systems, Inc., Washington, DC

# Thursday, April 18, 11:00 AM - 12:30 PM Round Table 4 (Advanced)

### Carbon Neutrality in the Digital Age: Pioneering Strategies for Net-Zero Data Centers

Room: Garnacha IV

Chair: Jose Luis Friebel, P.E., Datacenter Dynamics, Madrid, Spain

Our invited panelists explore pioneering strategies for achieving net-zero carbon emissions in data centers. We debate cutting-edge technologies and innovative designs, addressing the challenge of balancing technological growth with environmental responsibility. Gain insights into collaborative approaches, policy implications and the pivotal role of advancements in steering data centers toward sustainability. Join this crucial conversation at the intersection of technology and environmental stewardship, shaping the future of data centers in the carbon-neutral digital age.

#### Speakers

- 1. Manuel Perez-Tabernero, Schneider Electric, Madrid, Spain
- 2. Francesc Galobardes, QUARK, Madrid, Spain
- 3. Robert Assink, Digital Realty, Madrid, Spain
- 4. Jaime Comella, Associate Member, AQ Compute, Madrid, Spain
- 5. Jaun Vaamonde, DATA4, Madrid, Spain

#### 11:00 AM - 12:30 PM

#### **Conference Paper Session 12**

### Net-Zero Energy Buildings: Policy and Application

Room: Garnacha II and III

Chair: Marianna Vallejo, PhD, Full Member, Jacobs, Athens, Greece

Zero energy buildings (ZEB) are the magic bullet to decarbonize the buildings sector, but there are many obstacles in the pathway from today's buildings to ZEB. ASHRAE Distinguished Lecturer Samir Traboulsi presents his views on the way forward to a fully ZEB buildings sector. Electrification will play a major role in this energy transition and, after discussing the ZEB issue, the session shall describe how the various countries are handling the emissions associated to electricity, before it is fully carbon free, and how this impacts the calculations of building emissions.

Learning Objectives:

- 1. Provide an overview of the annual variations of greenhouse gas emissions in the European Union
- 2. Explain how to calculate greenhouse gas emissions for electricity generation
- 3. To plan and design, NZE Buildings incorporating specific features of NZE Buildings.
- 4. To identify the impediments facing the NZEB by 2050.

#### 1. National European Emission Factors for Electricity Generation (C 24)

Constantinos A Balaras, PhD, Fellow Member, Elena Dascalaki, Ph.D., Full Member, Matina Patsioti, Kalliopi Droutsa and Simon Kontoyiannidis, Institute for Environmental Research & Sustainable Development, NOA, Athens, Greece

2. Net Zero Energy Buildings in 2050, Way to Go

Samir R Traboulsi, P.Eng., Fellow Life Member, Thermotrade/Ranec

#### 11:00 AM - 12:30 PM

#### **Seminar 5 (Intermediate)**

### The Landscape of Decarbonization and Electrification: New York, Quebec and the UK

Room: Garnacha Ī

Chair: Samuel Mason, P.Eng., Encompass, Washington, DC

In the global pursuit of mitigating climate change and reducing greenhouse gas emissions, decarbonization and electrification have emerged as paramount strategies. This session explores the multifaceted landscape of decarbonization and electrification within diverse energy contexts, with a particular emphasis on projects unfolding in New York, Quebec and the UK. These regions offer distinct challenges and opportunities, shedding light on the intricate dynamics of transitioning towards cleaner and more sustainable energy systems.

Learning Objectives:

- 1. Understand the drivers behind grid carbon emissions due to geographic location and resource availability.
- 2. Explain the limitations to building and grid decarbonization due to geography, building code, and locality.
- 3. Describe building electrification and decarbonization strategies for residential, mid size and large commercial buildings.
- 4. Apply decarbonization strategies for peak demand management in buildings.
- 5. Understand the energy and utility landscape in New York City
- 6. Quantify carbon emissions from different energy sources
- 7. Identify decarbonization strategies by energy source
- 8. Identify potential issues with decarbonization strategies and how electrification can be integrated
- 9. Understand that decarbonization strategies differ in various energy source contexts.
- 10. Identify potential roadblocks and ways to solve issues with electrification.

#### 1. Challenges and Specific Contexts in New York

Samuel C Mason, P.E., BEMP, Full Member<sup>1</sup> and Ed Cremin<sup>2</sup>, (1)Code Green Solutions, Washington, DC, (2)Etude, London, United Kingdom

2. Quebec's Renewable Energy Advantage

Andre Legault, P.Eng., BEMP, Associate, MRA, Quebec, QC, Canada

#### 3. Overcoming Peak Demand Challenges

Samuel Mason, PE, Member, Encompass, Washington, DC

Thursday, April 18, 1:20 PM - 1:50 PM Sponsored Tech Talks (Advanced)

#### **Carel Sponsor Tech Talk**

Room: Garnacha IV

Chair:

Heat Recovery for Sustainable Buildings Heat Recovery for Sustainable Buildings

Raul Simonetti, Full Member, CAREL Industries SpA, Brugine, Italy

# Thursday, April 18, 2:00 PM - 3:30 PM Round Table 5 (Intermediate)

#### The Future of Energy Is Now

Room: Garnacha II and III

Chair: Francisco Laveron, Iberdrola, Madrid, Spain

This session describes the current situation of the energy sector, the policies that align security of supply, competitiveness and sustainability, and the sector that we envision for the future. It also reviews: technologies that currently exist, and the ones that we are developing to move from an economy based on fossil fuels to one based on renewable energies; the impact that these profound changes will have on society, aiming at benefiting all, including vulnerable groups; and, finally, the specificities of the Spanish case, one of the countries that are leading the energy transition and can benefit most from it.

#### Speakers

- 1. Pedro Linares, Universidad Pontificia Comillas, Madrid, Spain
- 2. Antonio de Juan Fernandez, AFRY Management Consulting, Madrid, Spain
- 3. Miriam Bueno, Ministerio para la Transición Ecológica y el Reto Demográfico, Spain

#### 2:00 PM - 3:30 PM

#### **Conference Paper Session 13**

#### Strategies and Studies for System Selections, Part 1

Room: Garnacha IV

Chair: Thomas M Lawrence, PhD, Fellow Life S-B-a Member, University of Georgia, ATHENS, GA

- 1. Describe the future's needs in selecting and operating air handling systems.
- 2. Define the influence factors of the CO2 emission caused by air handling systems.
- 3. Evaluate the integration strategies of air-PVT systems with low-exergy systems.
- 4. Analyze the potential of various air-PVT integration strategies for enhancing building energy efficiency.
- 5. Learn the in-situ performance of home PV/battery installations in cold-climate regions, including two modes of operation: backup reserve and time-based control.
- 6. Understand the battery programming and its simulation algorithm using discrete-event simulation.
- 1. Optimizing Air Handling Systems for Minimal CO<sub>2</sub> Footprint: Rethinking Selection and Operation (C\_25) *Martin Lenz, TROX GmbH, Neukirchen-Vluyn, Germany*
- 2. Feasibility Analysis and Evaluation Framework of Integrating Novel PVT with Low-Exergy Systems (C 17)

Youssef Elomari<sup>1</sup>, Giorgos Philip Aspetakis, PhD<sup>2</sup>, Marc Marín Genescà<sup>1</sup>, Dieter Boer<sup>1</sup> and Qian WANG, PhD<sup>3</sup>, (1)Departament d'Enginyeria Mecànica, Universitat Rovira i Virgili, Tarragona, Spain, (2)KTH Royal Institute of Technology, Stockholm, Sweden, (3)KTH, Royal Institute of Technology, Stockholm, Sweden

3. Performance Evaluation of 75 Residential Rooftop Solar Photovoltaic and Battery Systems: A Cold-Climate Comparison for Time-Based Control and Backup Reserve Modes of Operation (C\_18)

Hadia Awad, PhD<sup>1</sup>, Ajit Pardasani<sup>1</sup>, Jennifer A. Veitch, PhD<sup>1</sup> and Sara Mudge, P.Eng.<sup>2</sup>, (1)National Research Council, Ottawa, ON, Canada, (2)NB Power, NB, Canada

# 2:00 PM - 3:30 PM Conference Paper Session 14

#### Community Buildings and Schools: Strategies to Navigate Existing Infrastructure

Room: Garnacha I

Chair: Joseph T Firrantello, Ph.D., P.E., Full Member, McKinstry, Seattle, WA

Decarbonizing the buildings sector requires retrofitting the existing building stock to reach ZEB level or, at least, to substantially reduce their carbon footprint. But the renovation of existing buildings poses significant challenges and, thus, designing the interventions should be carried out taking full advantage of every available opportunity. ASHRAE President-Elect Dennis Knight presents the state of this type of intervention. This presentation shall be followed by the description of two concrete examples of building retrofitting to reduce their carbon footprint.

Learning Objectives:

- 1. Explain the necessity to emphasize quality outcomes for owners to drive exponential heat pump adoption to decarbonize the built environment.
- Describe the principal roles and responsibilities of an owners representative for heat pump projects in community institutions.
- 3. Understand the role of ventilation systems in adaptable buildings.
- 4. Select the most sustainable ventilation strategy in a flexible context.
- 5. Define Asset Management
- 6. Provide an overview of the value of renovating existing buildings
- 1. Essential Lessons from Heat Pump Projects at Congregations and Community Centers (C\_26)

Thomas Yeh, Full Member, Connected Buildings LLC, Webster, NY

- 2. Unlocking Extensive School Building Usage through Adaptable Ventilation Design: LCA and LCCA (C\_27) Oskar Seuntjens, Universiteit Antwerpen, Antwerpen, Belgium
- 3. Integrated Building Design and Building Information Modeling

  Dennis Knight, P.E., BEMP, Fellow ASHRAE, Whole Building Systems, LLC, Mt. Pleasant, SC

Thursday, April 18, 3:30 PM - 4:00 PM Sponsored Tech Talks

#### **Grupo Aire Limpio Sponsor Tech Talk**

Room: Garnacha IV

Chair:

Providing contemporary solutions to the new decarbonized scenario, answering European policies and guidlines.

# Thursday, April 18, 4:00 PM - 5:00 PM Round Table 6 (Basic)

# What Is Needed to Move Towards Zero Energy and Emission Buildings? Movement to Flexible Codes

Room: Garnacha II and III

Sponsor: ASHRAE Task Force for Building Decarbonization

Chair: Bing Liu, PE, Fellow Member, Pacific Northwest National Laboratory, Portland, OR

According to the IEA Net Zero Scenario, all countries need to establish zero carbon-ready building energy codes for both residential and non-residential buildings by 2030. To achieve net zero scenario objectives, all countries will have to implement national building codes, along with enabling policies and programs, that rapidly shift the market towards deep energy efficiency, zero carbon targets, electrification of heating, renewables integration and demand flexibility. This panel engages international building policy experts in a discussion on practical approaches to getting every country on the path to net zero carbon emissions in the built environment.

#### Speakers

- 1. Clay G Nesler, Full Member, The Nesler Group, Fort Meyers, FL
- 2. Andrew Warren, British Energy Efficiency Federation, Cambridge, United Kingdom
- 3. Harry Bergmann, U.S. Department of Energy, Washington, DC
- 4. Dolores Huerta, CEO Green Building Council Spain, Madrid, Spain

#### 4:00 PM - 5:00 PM

#### **Conference Paper Session 15**

#### **Policymaking for Decarbonization**

Room: Garnacha IV

Chair: Andres J Sepulveda, Fellow Member, Commtech, Madrid, Spain

Policymaking for decarbonization must deal with numerous factors and establish reasonable, fair and effective targets and benchmarking. This session deals with two important aspects for setting decarbonization policies: the first paper discusses the criteria for benchmarking nonresidential buildings into larger or smaller groupings, using a large building sample from South Korea; the second paper addresses the strategies and targets used in various USA local decarbonization programs, for both new and existing buildings, including operational and/or embodied carbon, and its implications in practice. Conclusions may contribute to steer policymakers towards the best solutions for decarbonizing the buildings sector.

Learning Objectives:

- 1. Explain the need for an appropriate peer group to enable building energy benchmarking while considering the legal building types from a policy perspective.
- 2. Describe the need to analyze the differences between groups to derive peer groups for building energy benchmarking.
- 3. Identify typical policies and strategies for achieving net zero carbon for buildings.
- 4. Apply strategies for their organization to achieve net zero carbon emissions.

### 1. Method for Identifying the Classification of Similar Building Categories for Energy Benchmarking: EUI Perspective (C 28)

**Hyegi KIM, PhD**<sup>1</sup>, Sun Sook Kim, Full Member<sup>2</sup> and Deuk Woo Kim, PhD<sup>1</sup>, (1)Korea Institute of Civil Engineering and Building Technology, Goyang, Korea, Republic of (South), (2)Ajou University, Suwon, Korea, Republic of (South)

2. Strategies and Policies for Achieving Net Zero Carbon in the Built Environment: A Comparative Analysis of Operational and Embodied Carbon Approaches (C 29)

Eddy Santosa, AIA, BEMP, Mott MacDonald, Los Angeles, CA

#### 4:00 PM - 5:00 PM

#### Seminar 6 (Intermediate)

#### **Decarbonizing Cold Climates: Perspectives from Canada**

Room: Garnacha I

Chair: Jaime Comella, Associate Member, AQ Compute, Madrid, Spain

Cold climates, like all extreme climates, present particular difficulties for decarbonization. ASHRAE Distinguished Lecturers Erich Binder and Doug Cochrane present strategies and policies from Canada.

- 1. Better understand the challenges that Canada faces in reaching Net Zero Carbon Emissions
- 2. Understand that for Built Environment resources. "If you cannot grow it you have to mine it through a Industrial Process
- 3. List Canada's national decarbonization efforts
- 4. know the provincial decarbonization efforts in Canada

#### 1. Industrial Facilities Decarbonization a Canadian Perspective

Erich Binder, Life Member, Erich Binder Consulting Limited, Calgary, ON, Canada

2. Canada's Latest Decarbonization Efforts Including a Province By Province Breakdown

Doug Cochrane, P.Eng., Independent Consultant, Mississauga, ON, Canada

Thursday, April 18, 5:00 PM – 5:30 PM Sponsored Tech Talks (Basic)

#### **IMI Hydronic Engineering Sponsor Tech Talk**

Room: Garnacha IV

Chair:

Energy optimization in hydronic systems with smart control valves and their new control modes

Energy optimization in hydronic systems with smart control valves and their new control modes

Jose Julian Vilchez, IMI Hydronic Engineering, Madrid, Spain

Energy optimization in hydronic systems with smart control valves and their new control modes 2

Jean-Christophe Carette Sr., PhD, Member, IMI Hydronic Engineering International SA, Eysins, Switzerland

### Friday, April 19

Friday, April 19, 7:30 AM - 8:00 AM Sponsored Tech Talks (Basic)

#### Alfa Laval Sponsor Tech Talk

Room: Garnacha IV

Chair:

**Alfa Laval Sponsor Tech Talk** *Neil Parry*, Alfa Laval, Madrid, Spain

Friday, April 19, 8:00 AM - 9:00 AM Keynote 3 (Intermediate)

#### **Building Decarbonization Policies in the European Union**

Room: Garnacha II and III

Chair: Marianna Vallejo, PhD, Full Member, Jacobs, Athens, Greece

**Keynote Presentation** 

Stefan Moser, European Commission, Brussels

Friday, April 19, 9:10 AM - 10:10 AM Conference Paper Session 16

#### **How Much Retrofit Is Enough?**

Room: Garnacha II and III

Chair: Marianna Vallejo, PhD, Full Member, Jacobs, Athens, Greece

Renovation to reduce carbon emissions and eventually reach zero carbon may be expensive. Building owners may wish to approach renovation in steps, deciding on how much to do at a particular moment in time. This session discusses criteria to decide how far renovations should go, using different perspectives, namely financial and operational vs. embodied carbon. To

conclude, ASHRAE Distinguished Lecturer Esteban Baccini provides lessons learned from his extensive experience, based on concrete case-studies.

Learning Objectives:

- 1. Describe the trade offs between operational carbon and embodied carbon.
- 2. Evaluate the needs for retrofits and identify the important parameters in a successful retrofit.

#### 1. Economic/Technical Systems and Equipment Retrofit Analysis and Feasibility

Esteban Baccini Jauregui Sr., BEAP and OPMP, S-B-a Member, BACCINI HVAC & Energy Efficiency Consulting, Buenos Aires, Argentina

2. Embodied Carbon vs. Operational Carbon: How Much Retrofit Is Enough (C 43)

Mehdi Ghobadi, Associate, National Research Council Canada, Ottawa, ON, Canada

#### 9:10 AM - 10:10 AM

### **Conference Paper Session 17**

### Quantifying the Benefits from Single-Family Building Renovations

Room: Garnacha IV

Chair: Maria Del Mar Serna, ACIX CONSULTORIA SL, Madrid, Spain

Case studies in two different European countries calculate how building renovations can improve building energy performance and facilitate the efforts for decarbonizing the building stock. The first study performs a life cycle assessment of different building renovation scenarios to meet nearly zero energy building and passive house requirements, and provides an insight on how different frameworks can affect the building's energy and environmental performance. The second study examines the environmental impact of a step-by-step renovation measure, considering the renovation sequence, the number of renovation steps and the interval between renovation steps.

Learning Objectives:

- 1. Describe how different design concepts(nZEB and Passive House) decrease CO2 emissions
- 2. Explain how different frameworks, such as nZEB and Passive House, affect the building's environmental and energy performance
- 3. describe the environmental trade-off between one-step renovation and step-by-step renovation.
- 4. understand the importance of planning in the environmental impact of step-by-step renovation.

### 1. Sustainable Retrofit of Existing Buildings: A Comparative Study between NZEB and Passive House Retrofitting Scenario (C\_30)

Kleoni Ntouvli and Katerina Tsikaloudaki, Dr.Eng, Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, Thessaloniki, Greece

2. The Environmental Impact of Step-By-Step Renovation: A Single-Family Dwelling (C\_31)

**Yanaika Decorte**<sup>1</sup>, Elke Meiresonne<sup>1</sup> and Marijke Steeman, PhD<sup>2</sup>, (1)Ghent University, Ghent, Belgium, (2)Ghent university, Ghent, Belgium

#### 9:10 AM - 10:10 AM

#### **Conference Paper Session 18**

#### **Strategies for Multi-Family Buildings**

Room: Garnacha I

Chair: Jaime Comella, Associate Member, AQ Compute, Madrid, Spain

- 1. Define end-users energy profile
- 2. Design PV layout for small compact roofs to cover shared needs
- Describe the innovative integrated approach that leverages prefabricated modular design and application of heat pump technology for wastewater heat recovery, production of domestic hot water, and space conditioning to a multi-family high rise building.
- 4. Explain the importance to incentivize developers and/or building owners to achieve decarbonization goals which are perceived to have significant cost premiums.

1. Data on Household Electricity Consumption in Multi-Apartment Buildings for Optimization of Rooftop PV Systems

Anatolijs Borodinecs, Dr.Ing. and Vladislavs Jacnevs, Riga Technical University, Riga, Latvia

2. A Holistic Approach to Decarbonizing a High-Rise Multi-Family Residential Tower through Design, Construction and Leveraging the Water-Energy Nexus (C\_33)

Anditya Ajaykumar Patel, Associate<sup>1</sup> and Sergio Sadaba, P.E., BEMP, Full Member<sup>2</sup>, (1)Stantec, Ottawa, ON, Canada, (2)Stantec, Seattle, WA

### Friday, April 19, 10:30 AM - 12:00 PM **Round Table 7 (Intermediate)**

#### The EU Renovation Wave: Status, Challenges and Future Perspectives

Room: Garnacha II and III

Chair: Eduardo A B Maldonado, Life Member, Fac Engenharia Univ Porto, Porto, Portugal

Meeting the EU target to have a fully decarbonized buildings sector by 2050 carries important technical, logistical, financial and social impacts. This roundtable addresses existing buildings and the renovation wave for both the residential and nonresidential sectors from different perspectives: policymakers, industry, design engineers and stakeholders. How is Europe doing so far and how each sector sees the future and their own role to reach the desired and challenging policy target? Is there sufficient skilled workforce? Will we be able to afford this change? Who will pay? Will we need carrots or sticks, or a combination of both?

#### Speakers

- 1. Andrew Warren, British Energy Efficiency Federation, Cambridge, United Kingdom
- Catalin IOAN Lungu, PhD, REHVA President, Bucharest, Romania
   Julie Godefroy, Head of Net Zero Policy, CIBSE, Bedford, United Kingdom
- Marta San Roman, AFEC, Madrid, Spain
   Francesco Scuderi, Eurovent, Brussels, Belgium

### 10:30 AM - 12:00 PM **Conference Paper Session 19**

#### Strategies and Studies for System Selections, Part 2

Room: Garnacha IV

Chair: Raul Simonetti, Full Member, CAREL Industries SpA, Brugine, Italy

Learning Objectives:

- 1. List the information and databases needed to calculate the life cycle carbon emissions.
- 2. Explain how to calculate the upfront carbon of a non-residential building in Japan.
- 3. Understand the factors that affect the airborne infectivity risk.
- Understand solutions how to reduce such costs and indirect CO2 emissions while reducing the airborne infectivity risk.
- Understand accurate EUI hot water component assessment.
- Identify opportunities to optimize hot water energy consumption.
- 1. A Comparative Study of the Whole Life Carbon of a Radiant System and an All-Air System in Japan (C 34) Kan Shindo, Student<sup>1</sup> and Shin-ichi Tanabe, Fellow ASHRAE<sup>2</sup>, (1) Waseda University, Tokyo, Japan, (2) Department of

Architecture, Waseda University, Tokyo, Japan

- 2. Airborne Infectivity Control by Proper IAQ while Minimizing Its Environmental Impact (C 35) Raul Simonetti, Full Member, CAREL Industries SpA, Brugine, Italy
- 3. Net Zero Performance Assessment in the United Kingdom: Predicting and Optimizing Dynamic Electric Hot Water Energy Usage (C\_36)

John P Brittle, PhD<sup>1</sup> and Mahroo Eftekhari, CEng, Full Member<sup>2</sup>, (1)Crookes Walker, Leicester, United Kingdom, (2)Loughborough University, Loughborough, United Kingdom

#### Friday, April 19, 12:10 PM - 1:40 PM

#### **Conference Paper Session 20**

### Life Cycle Assessment of Different Building Construction Materials and Systems

Room: Garnacha I

Chair: Marianna Vallejo, PhD, Full Member, Jacobs, Athens, Greece

Building construction materials influence the overall building environmental performance. Simulations from the use of phase change materials in buildings under different operational conditions and loads in over 30 locations in North America reveal different emission payback periods. The assessment of industrially manufactured walling systems are becoming popular in India as a substitute for conventional construction materials reveal considerably higher embodied emissions that are not compensated by operational savings. Assessing the reforestation potential of different tree species can enhance timber production and use of wood in building construction, along with atmospheric carbon absorption in a wood-friendly city in South Korea.

Learning Objectives:

- 1. Describe the use of wood to provide ways to decarbonize buildings.
- 2. Explain optimal tree species for wood applications in buildings.
- 3. Apply contextualize Life Cycle Assessment Framework with data quality requirements and necessary checks while evaluating life cycle emissions of walling systems
- 4. Evaluate thermal performances and environmental impacts of the walling systems
- 5. What is needed to utilize the full potential of excess heat energy sources?
- 6. What parameters are most important to consider in the system design to optimize the energy efficiency and COP of heat pumps connected to excess heat sources?
- 1. Carbon-Neutral Construction: Harnessing Domestic Wood for Sustainability and Community Support (C\_40) *Hyeonwoo Jeong, Eng, Student, Su-Hwan Yeo, Jinyoung Park, Haedeun Park and Seong Jin Chang, PhD, Department of Interior Materials Engineering, College of Construction and Environmental Engineering, Gyeongsang National University, Jinju, Gyeongsangnam-do, Korea, Republic of (South)*
- **2.** Embodied Carbon Assessment of Walling Systems Using Life Cycle Approach for Housing Sector in India (C\_41) Sakshi Nathani, Associate Member<sup>1</sup>, Rajan U Rawal, PhD<sup>2</sup> and Yashkumar Shukla, Dr.Eng<sup>2</sup>, (1)Shakti Sustainable Energy Foundation, Delhi, India, (2)CEPT University, Ahmedabad, Gujarat, India
- 3.Reuse, Renew, Rethink: Success Factors and Challenges Reusing Excess Heat for Future Sustainable Buildings and Cities C 46

Marten Ahlm, Alfa Laval, Lund, Sweden

# 12:10 PM - 1:40 PM Conference Paper Session 21

#### The Benefits of Interconnected Intelligence

Room: Garnacha IV

Chair: Constantinos A Balaras, PhD, Fellow Member, Institute for Environmental Research & Sustainable Development, national Observatory of Athens, VRILISSIA, Greece

Control of building system operation and interaction let's us work smarter, not harder. These presentations explore interconnected system concepts, rule-based control of thermally activated ceilings, and the use of an AI-powered "assistant" to a facility manager.

Learning Objectives:

- 1. Describe how to reduce time to value of converged network design.
- 2. Describe how interoperability creates an ecosystem to maximize efficiencies in the built space.
- 3. Describe how the large language model powered Intelligent BMS is designed and built.
- 4. Describe how the interactive AI Agent can help with human operators in building management.
- 5. To gain an understanding of the performance of cold climate heat pumps using low GWP refrigerants
- 6. To gain an understanding of the life cycle impacts of cold climate heat pumps and to compare these impacts to other conventional heating systems

#### 1. Delivering an Agile Intelligent Building of the Future (C 44)

Ryan Alexander Casey, Full Member, Cisco Systems, BONITA SPRINGS, FL, United States

2. The Virtual Building Manager: An AI Assistant for Intelligent Building Management Systems (C\_45)

**Zeng Peng**<sup>1</sup>, Thomas Ohlson Timoudas, PhD<sup>2</sup> and Qian WANG, PhD<sup>3</sup>, (1)KTH, Stockholm, Sweden, (2)RISE Research Institutes of Swede, Stockholm, Stockholm, Sweden, (3)KTH, Royal Institute of Technology, Stockholm, Stockholm, Sweden

### 3. Field Performance and Embodied Carbon Evaluation of Cold Climate Heat Pumps Using Low GWP Refrigerant (C\_08)

Jeremy Sager and Charles Mougeot, CanmetENERGY, Ottawa, ON, Canada

# 12:10 PM - 1:40 PM **Seminar 7 (Intermediate)**

# Real World Net Zero Strategies for Existing Buildings: Overcoming Challenges and Achieving Sustainable Solutions

Room: Garnacha II and III

Chair: Stet Allen Sanborn, AIA, Full Member, Smithgroup, WASHINGTON, DC

This practitioner-driven session presents strategies and solutions.

Learning Objectives:

- 1. Discern what 'embodied carbon' means in procurement
- 2. Understand what United States' authorities having jurisdictions' are doing around embodied carbon and procurement
- 3. Understand the holistic decarbonization framework for existing buildings
- 4. learn it is not just about operational carbon, also embodied carbon, refrigerant, and user generated GHGs.
- 5. Understand critical information needed in building retrofits to aid in right sizing equipment
- 6. Understand how to overcome typical barriers in building retrofits.
- 7. Distinguish between embedded carbon and operational carbon in real construction case studies
- 8. Apply design principles in buildings to reduce carbon emissions

#### 1. How to Move the Embodied Carbon Needle with Procurement

Josh Jacobs, LEED AP+ BD&C, WAP Sustainability, Seattle, WA

2. Existing Building Decarbonization Policy and Practices

Luke C H Leung, PE, BEMP, Fellow Member, Skidmore Owings & Merrill, CHICAGO, IL

3. Strategies for Decarbonization

Stet Allen Sanborn, AIA, Full Member, Smithgroup, WASHINGTON, DC

4. Strategies for Decarbonization: Case Studies

Maria Lourdes Romeo Sus, Batlle i Roig Arquitectura, Barcelona, Catalonia, Spain