

## ASHRAE STANDARD

## Safety Standard for Refrigeration Systems

Approved by the ASHRAE Standards Committee on January 24, 2009; by the ASHRAE Board of Directors on January 28, 2009; and by the American National Standards Institute on January 29, 2009.

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ASHRAE obtains consensus through participation of its national and international members, associated societies, and public review.

ASHRAE Standards are prepared by a Project Committee appointed specifically for the purpose of writing the Standard. The Project Committee Chair and Vice-Chair must be members of ASHRAE; while other committee members may or may not be ASHRAE members, all must be technically qualified in the subject area of the Standard. Every effort is made to balance the concerned interests on all Project Committees.

The Manager of Standards of ASHRAE should be contacted for:

- a. interpretation of the contents of this Standard,
- b. participation in the next review of the Standard,
- c. offering constructive criticism for improving the Standard, or
- d. permission to reprint portions of the Standard.

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#### **FOREWORD**

This addendum clarifies the wording of Section 9.4.3.

**Note:** In this addendum, changes to the current standard are indicated in the text by underlining (for additions) and strikethrough (for deletions).

#### Addendum g to Standard 15-2007

Add the following new definitions to Section 3, Definitions:

administrative control: the use of human action aimed at achieving a safe level of performance from a system or subsystem. Compare to engineering control.

engineering control: the use of sensors, actuators, and other equipment to achieve a safe level of performance from a system or subsystem without the aid of human interaction. Compare to administrative control.

Revise Section 9.4.3 to read as follows:

- 9.4.3 A pressure relief device to relieve hydrostatic pressure to another part of the system shall be used on the portion of liquid containing parts of the system that is capable of being isolated from the system during operation or service and that will be subjected to overpressure from hydrostatic expansion of the contained liquid due to temperature rise. Hydrostatic expansion. Pressure rise resulting from hydrostatic expansion due to temperature rise of liquid refrigerant trapped in or between closed valves shall be addressed by the following.
- 9.4.3.1 If trapping of liquid with subsequent hydrostatic expansion can occur automatically during normal operation or during standby, shipping, or power failure, engineering control(s) shall be used that are capable of preventing the pressure from exceeding the design pressure. Acceptable engineering controls include but are not limited to the following:
- a. pressure-relief device to relieve hydrostatic pressure to another part of the system
- b. reseating pressure-relief valve to relieve the hydrostatic pressure to an approved treatment system.
- **9.4.3.2** If trapping of liquid with subsequent hydrostatic expansion can occur only during maintenance—i.e., when personnel are performing maintenance tasks—either engineering or administrative controls shall be used to relieve or prevent the hydrostatic overpressure.

### POLICY STATEMENT DEFINING ASHRAE'S CONCERN FOR THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT OF ITS ACTIVITIES

ASHRAE is concerned with the impact of its members' activities on both the indoor and outdoor environment. ASHRAE's members will strive to minimize any possible deleterious effect on the indoor and outdoor environment of the systems and components in their responsibility while maximizing the beneficial effects these systems provide, consistent with accepted standards and the practical state of the art.

ASHRAE's short-range goal is to ensure that the systems and components within its scope do not impact the indoor and outdoor environment to a greater extent than specified by the standards and guidelines as established by itself and other responsible bodies.

As an ongoing goal, ASHRAE will, through its Standards Committee and extensive technical committee structure, continue to generate up-to-date standards and guidelines where appropriate and adopt, recommend, and promote those new and revised standards developed by other responsible organizations.

Through its *Handbook*, appropriate chapters will contain up-to-date standards and design considerations as the material is systematically revised.

ASHRAE will take the lead with respect to dissemination of environmental information of its primary interest and will seek out and disseminate information from other responsible organizations that is pertinent, as guides to updating standards and guidelines.

The effects of the design and selection of equipment and systems will be considered within the scope of the system's intended use and expected misuse. The disposal of hazardous materials, if any, will also be considered.

ASHRAE's primary concern for environmental impact will be at the site where equipment within ASHRAE's scope operates. However, energy source selection and the possible environmental impact due to the energy source and energy transportation will be considered where possible. Recommendations concerning energy source selection should be made by its members.