

ASHRAE STANDARD

Safety Standard for Refrigeration Systems

Approved by the ASHRAE Standards Committee on June 24, 2009; by the ASHRAE Board of Directors on June 24, 2009; and by the American National Standards Institute on July 22, 2009.

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ASHRAE obtains consensus through participation of its national and international members, associated societies, and public review. ASHRAE Standards are prepared by a Project Committee appointed specifically for the purpose of writing the Standard. The Project Committee Chair and Vice-Chair must be members of ASHRAE; while other committee members may or may not be ASHRAE members, all must be technically qualified in the subject area of the Standard. Every effort is made to balance the concerned interests on all Project Committees.

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- a. interpretation of the contents of this Standard,
- b. participation in the next review of the Standard,
- c. offering constructive criticism for improving the Standard, or
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FOREWORD

There has been an increasing global trend in the use of flammable refrigerants in refrigeration systems where such use is appropriately controlled to limit safety risks. Standards for safety are evolving to define the allowable uses of flammable refrigerants (for example, in refrigerator and freezer applications, see Underwriters Laboratories standard UL 60335-2-24, International Standard IEC 60335-2-24 and IEC 60335-2-89). In these standards, the use of small amounts of flammable refrigerants is permitted, but only in conjunction with product testing for safety conducted by a recognized and approved testing laboratory or inspection agency, and the maintenance of listed product status with such organizations.

ASHRAE Standard 15-2007, Section 7.5.3, allows the use of Group A3 refrigerants where approved by the authority having jurisdiction (AHJ). Small portable cooling appliances and/or self-contained refrigeration systems are generally not regulated by the model codes that form the basis for most local

regulation (see the 2006 International Mechanical Code, Section 106.2). Requiring specific local approvals from the AHJ for systems using small amounts of flammable refrigerant charge would be impractical, and inconsistent with national code practice. This addendum allows the use of such systems through an exception to Section 7.5.3.

Note: In this addendum, changes to the current standard are indicated in the text by underlining (for additions) and strikethrough (for deletions).

Addendum i to Standard 15-2007

Add an additional exception, Exception "c," to Section 7.5.3 as shown below.

7.5.3 Higher Flammability Refrigerants. Group A3 and B3 refrigerants shall not be used except where approved by the authority having jurisdiction.

Exceptions:

- a. This restriction does not apply to laboratories with more than 100 ft² (9.3 m²) of space per person.
- This restriction does not apply to industrial occupancies
- c. This restriction does not apply to listed portable-unit systems containing no more than 0.331 lb (150 g) of Group A3 refrigerant, provided that the equipment is installed in accordance with the listing and the manufacturer's installation instructions.

POLICY STATEMENT DEFINING ASHRAE'S CONCERN FOR THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT OF ITS ACTIVITIES

ASHRAE is concerned with the impact of its members' activities on both the indoor and outdoor environment. ASHRAE's members will strive to minimize any possible deleterious effect on the indoor and outdoor environment of the systems and components in their responsibility while maximizing the beneficial effects these systems provide, consistent with accepted standards and the practical state of the art.

ASHRAE's short-range goal is to ensure that the systems and components within its scope do not impact the indoor and outdoor environment to a greater extent than specified by the standards and guidelines as established by itself and other responsible bodies.

As an ongoing goal, ASHRAE will, through its Standards Committee and extensive technical committee structure, continue to generate up-to-date standards and guidelines where appropriate and adopt, recommend, and promote those new and revised standards developed by other responsible organizations.

Through its *Handbook*, appropriate chapters will contain up-to-date standards and design considerations as the material is systematically revised.

ASHRAE will take the lead with respect to dissemination of environmental information of its primary interest and will seek out and disseminate information from other responsible organizations that is pertinent, as guides to updating standards and guidelines.

The effects of the design and selection of equipment and systems will be considered within the scope of the system's intended use and expected misuse. The disposal of hazardous materials, if any, will also be considered.

ASHRAE's primary concern for environmental impact will be at the site where equipment within ASHRAE's scope operates. However, energy source selection and the possible environmental impact due to the energy source and energy transportation will be considered where possible. Recommendations concerning energy source selection should be made by its members.