

ADDENDA

ANSI/ASHRAE Addendum v to ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 62.2-2019

Ventilation and Acceptable Indoor Air Quality in Residential Buildings

Approved by ASHRAE Standards Committee on July 31, 2020; by the ASHRAE Board of Directors on August 10, 2020; and by the American National Standards Institute on September 1, 2020.

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FOREWORD

Addendum v updates the normative references in Standard 62.2, Section 9.

Note: In this addendum, changes to the current standard are indicated in the text by <u>underlining</u> (for additions) and strikethrough (for deletions) unless the instructions specifically mention some other means of indicating the changes.

Addendum v to Standard 62.2-2019

Modify Section 6.9 as shown.

6.9 Carbon Monoxide Alarms. A carbon monoxide alarm shall be installed in each dwelling unit in accordance with NFPA 720, *National Fire Alarm and Signaling Code*, and shall be consistent with requirements of applicable laws, codes, and standards.

Modify Section 9 as shown. The remainder of Section 9 is unchanged.

9. REFERENCES

Reference	Title	Section
Air-Conditioning, Heating, and Refrigera 2311 Wilson Blvd, Suite 400 Arlington, VA 22201 (703) 524-880; www.ahrinet.org	tion Institute (AHRI)	
AHRI 680 (2009 <u>2017</u>)	Performance Rating of Residential Air Filter Equipment	4.1.4.2.1, Table 4-3, 6.7, 6.7.1
ASHRAE 1791 Tullie Circle, N.E. Atlanta, GA 30329 (800) 527-4723; www.ashrae.org		
ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 52.2 (2012 with 2015 Supplement2017)	Method of Testing General Ventilation Air-Cleaning Devices for Removal Efficiency by Particle Size	4.1.4.2.1, Table 4-2, 6.7
ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 51/ AMCA Standard 210 (1999<u>2</u>016)	Laboratory Methods of Testing Fans for Aerodynamic Performance Rating	7.1
ASTM International 100 Barr Harbor Drive P.O. Box C700 West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959 (610) 832-9500		
ANSI/ASTM E779 (2010) <u>(Reapproved</u> <u>2018)</u>	Standard Test Method for Determining Air Leakage Rate by Fan Pressurization	4.1.2.2, C2.2.2
ANSI/ASTM E1554/E1554M (2017)(2013) (Reapproved 2018)	Standard Test Methods for Determining External Air Leakage of Air Distribution Systems by Fan Pressurization	6.5.2
ANSI/ASTM E1827 (2011) <u>(Reapproved</u> <u>2017)</u>	Standard Test Methods for Determining Airtightness of Buildings Using an Orifice Blower Door	4.1.2.1

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Reference	Title	Section
Building Performance Institute (BPI) Saratoga Technology + Energy Park 107 Hermes Road Suite 210 Malta, New York 12020 (877) 274-1274; www.bpi.org		
ANSI/BPI-1200-S (2015) <u>(Reapproved</u> 2017)	Standard Practice for Basic Analysis of Buildings	6.4.2
California Energy Commission (CEC) 1516 Ninth Street Sacramento, CA 95814 (800) 555-7794; www.energy.ca.gov		
California Title 24 StandardsBuilding Energy Efficiency Standards (2016), Reference Appendix RA3 (2013)	CEC-400-2015-038-CMF	
Home Ventilating Institute (HVI) 1000 N Rand Rd, Suite 214 Wauconda, IL 60084 <u>1740 Dell Range Blvd., Ste. H, PMB 450</u> <u>Cheyenne, WY 82009</u> (847) 416-7257<u>(855) 484-8368</u>; www.hvi.o	rg	
HVI 916 (2013 2015)	Air Flow Test Procedure	7.1
National Fire Protection Association (NF 1 Batterymarch Park Quincy, Massachusetts 02169-7471 (800) 344-3555; www.nfpa.org	PA)	
NFPA 31 (2011 2016)	Standard for the Installation of Oil-Burning Equipment	6.4
NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1 (2015 2018)	National Fuel Gas Code	6.4, 6.8
NFPA 211 (2013 2016)	Standard for Chimneys, Fireplaces, Vents, and Solid-Fuel Burning Appliances	6.4
NFPA-720 (2015)	Standard for the Installation of Carbon Monoxide (CO) Detection and Warning Equipment	6.9
<u>NFPA 72 (2019)</u>	National Fire Alarm and Signaling Code	<u>6.9</u>
Residential Energy Services Network (RF <u>Oceanside, CA</u> (760) 806-3448; www.resnet.us	ESNET)	
ANSI/RESNET/ICC Standard 380 (2016)	Standard for Testing Airtightness of Building Enclosures, Airtightness of Heating and Cooling Air Distribution Systems, and Airflow of Mechanical Ventilation Systems	4.1.2.1, 6.1.1

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ASHRAE is concerned with the impact of its members' activities on both the indoor and outdoor environment. ASHRAE's members will strive to minimize any possible deleterious effect on the indoor and outdoor environment of the systems and components in their responsibility while maximizing the beneficial effects these systems provide, consistent with accepted Standards and the practical state of the art.

ASHRAE's short-range goal is to ensure that the systems and components within its scope do not impact the indoor and outdoor environment to a greater extent than specified by the Standards and Guidelines as established by itself and other responsible bodies.

As an ongoing goal, ASHRAE will, through its Standards Committee and extensive Technical Committee structure, continue to generate up-to-date Standards and Guidelines where appropriate and adopt, recommend, and promote those new and revised Standards developed by other responsible organizations.

Through its *Handbook*, appropriate chapters will contain up-to-date Standards and design considerations as the material is systematically revised.

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The effects of the design and selection of equipment and systems will be considered within the scope of the system's intended use and expected misuse. The disposal of hazardous materials, if any, will also be considered.

ASHRAE's primary concern for environmental impact will be at the site where equipment within ASHRAE's scope operates. However, energy source selection and the possible environmental impact due to the energy source and energy transportation will be considered where possible. Recommendations concerning energy source selection should be made by its members.

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